

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.
By Electric Telegraph.
Congressional Proceedings Yesterday.
WASHINGTON, Wednesday, June 3, }
Two o'clock P. M. }
In Senate.
Mr. STURGEON, of Penn., presented a memorial
from the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal

company, praying Congress to relinquish to the said company the stock held in said company by the United States, with a view to the enlargement of the said canal.

Mr. DIX from the Committee on Finance, reported back the House bill relating to the drawback on goods imported from the British North American Provinces to be exported to foreign countries, with a recommendation that it pass.

Mr. DIX also reported back from the committee on Military Affairs the bill to increase the number of paymasters, with the amendments, and recommended that the Senate should not concur in the amendments of the House. The recommendation was adopted, and the bill goes back to the House.

Mr. ARCHER presented a memorial numerously signed by citizens of Alexandria, praying that the

Senate will pass the bill from the House, to recede aid town to the State of Virginia.

Mr. PENNYBAKER presented another memorial, also numerously signed, on the same subject.

The Senate then took up the bill to grant alternate sections of land in Mississippi for the improvement of the navigation of Pearl river, in that State.

Mr. CALHOUN said he wished the bill was modified, so that he could support it. A discussion ensued, in which Messrs. Speight, Chalmers, Jarman and Webster participated. The latter offered an amendment to the bill, which Mr. Speight accepted.

Mr. NILES, of Connecticut, declared himself against the whole object and purpose of the bill, and wished to lay it on the table.

In reply to a question from Mr. ARCHER, Mr. CALHOUN said the table had been reached, and he

Mr. NILES here moved the indefinite postponement of the bill.

Mr. SIMMONS, of Rhode Island, made a few remarks as to the number of acres asked for.

Mr. SREIGHT said four hundred and fifty thousand. Mr. Calloun moved to lay the bill on the table, which was carried.

The resolutions of Mr. Lewis offered yesterday, calling on the President for certain information, were, with Mr. Crittenden's amendment, taken.

The amendment was agreed to, and the resolutions adopted.

The joint resolution, authorizing the Attorney General to decide the grant claims was taken up

for its third reading.

Mr. McDUFFY is now, as this dispatch closes, speaking against the resolution; he maintains that the grant was genuine, and the patents issued under it just and legal.

The House of Representatives was engaged up to this hour, half-past one o'clock, on the supplemental war bill, to increase the Major Generals and Brigadier Generals in the army.

The bill was advocated by Messrs. Holmes and Hurt, of S. C., and opposed by Messrs. Smith, of Illinois, and Darragh, of Pa. Mr. D. insists that we have ample force and a sufficient number of officers to subdue Mexico.

By the Mails.

WASHINGTON, June 2, 1846.
Congress.

The two houses are proceeding in their work leisurely as if it were the sixth week instead of the beginning of the seventh month of the session.

The movement of Mr. Lewis to-day, in the Senate, for a call upon the President as to the expediency of modifying the tariff, with a view to the collection of larger revenue, would argue that he is not a decided convert to the National Fair. We are informed meantime, that Mr. Walker is engaged in cyphering out another plan for the reduction of duties, by the committee, in every way and means, and that a prodigious effort will be made to reduce the duties of '42 as a war measure. We are rather inclined to suspect that the tariff of '42 will go over to next December without abridgment or abrasion, notwithstanding the name of the subcommittee.

Oregon is referred to the Judiciary Committee with implied instructions that they are not to report the bill till the last day of the session, which

completely demolishes the instructions of Father Clithre to the Senate, for immediate action upon all the other Oregon measures from the House" collateral to the notice.

The House to-day were plodding slowly along with the bill for the increase of the officers of the regular army; and during the discussion to-day, Secretary Marcy came in for a number of side shots.

Business, so far as there is any business in Washington, except office hunting, is in statu quo.

WASHINGTON, JUNE 2, 1840.

*Mexico—The Union of the Union—The Volunteers
—The Fair—The White House—A bit of Sentiment, &c.*

The unanimity of the people! It is not less a matter of pride, than of glory to the Union. The self-sacrificing valor of the Greeks at Thermopylae—the bravery of the Carthaginians, when their last stronghold was assailed—the spirit of

Britons in charging upon foot the ships of Caesar, they reach the land—the brilliant patriotism of the French in the defence of their nationality during their bloody revolution—the emperor of the Russians, in burning their capital to expel the invader—the spirit of liberty in all ages of national pride and national glory, burn brightly now throughout the United States, and on the day of the 4th, we doubt whose there is no glory tory in the country. The little brush with Mexico, has only shown what would be the spirit of resistance against the world combined. The President from all quarters is beset with applications of volunteers, and the Government is scrambling for officers, pending the first six months from the inauguration. Already there are upwards of 50,000 volunteers at the command of the War Department. The people have responded to the call with glorious alacrity. Lieut. W. D. Porter, of the 1st Mass. Cavalry, has been ordered to stand of colors to the Baltimore

The National Fair was thronged to-night as usual. To-morrow is the last day, unless it should again be postponed.

Open house at the President's, this evening. A choice and respectable company present—neither too large to be oppressive, nor too small to be monotonous. The President and lady in excellent health. From the elliptical salon, or reception parlour, a pair of folding doors open upon the southern portico. There lies the moonlight with a fair minutes' conversation in the moonlight with a fair view of the *hemicycle* to the history of the city. There was the broad and shining river, stretching away for sixteen miles to the distant mountains; Mount Ves-

walls of Fort Washington, the Virginia hills, with the old manor. There were the thick woods that crown the old manor—the old manor of G. W. P. Oustis, the last of the Washington family. Around us, and immediately below, were the tasteful guardians of the White house,

"While on the other hand, meek Dian's crest,
Flows through the stars air, an island of the West."

And then there was a sweet face at our side—and a pleasant voice, and we were not long in discovering, from her views upon the Oregon question, that she was the consistent advocate of an "amicable adjustment." We met the agreeable condescendant, among the company, of N. P. Willis, who seems to get younger as other birds get older. General Houston, Hon. Cave Johnson, Com. Ap- Cateby Jones, Gen. Roger Jones, the Adjutant